M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

F-11, 3rd floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, INDIA. T: +91 22 6117 4949 F: +91 22 6117 4950 E: info@mlbca.in W: www.mlbca.in

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To,
The Board of Directors of
DATAMATICS GLOBAL TECHNOLOGIES AG

Report on the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **DATAMATICS GLOBAL TECHNOLOGIES AG** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements"). The accompanying financial statement have been prepared by management in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable in India, solely to enable its holding company, Datamatics Global Service Limited to prepare its consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the entity are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principal in India.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flow of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Indian Accounting Standards (Ind As) specified under Section 133 of the Act read with rule 3 of Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company for to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

For and on behalf of M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

Chartered Accountants FRN: 101484W/W100197

Ashishkumar Bairagra

Partner

Membership No. 109931

UDIN: 24109931BKEIAA2263

Place: Mumbai Date: May 7, 2024 F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India.

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Balance sheet as at March 31, 2024

			(Amount in CHF)		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	Note	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Current assets					
Financial assets					
i. Trade receivables	2	21,004	19,085	19,43,080	17,17,650
ii. Cash and cash equivalents	3	32,813	38,676	30,35,497	34,80,805
iii. Other financial assets	4	56,988	20,592	52,71,917	18,53,238
Other current assets	5	10,259	6,000	9,49,118	5,39,985
Total current assets		1,21,064	84,352	1,11,99,613	75,91,678
Total assets	-	1,21,064	84,352	1,11,99,613	75,91,678
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity					
Equity share capital	6(a)	50,000	50,000	46,25,500	45,00,000
Other equity	6(b)	10,537	(10,525)	9,74,777	(9,47,235)
Total equity		60,537	39,475	56,00,277	35,52,765
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Financial liabilities					
i. Trade payables	7	21,593	15,893	19,97,555	14,30,337
Provision	8	17,513	20,918	16,20,155	18,82,614
Other current liabilities	9	21,421	8,066	19,81,626	7,25,962
Total liabilities		60,527	44,877	55,99,336	40,38,912
Total equity and liabilities		1,21,064	84,352	1,11,99,613	75,91,678

The accompanying notes forming an integral part of the financial statements

1-20

As per our attached report of even date

For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101484W / W100197

Ashishkumar Bairagra

Partner

Membership No. 109931

Place : Mumbai Dated : May 07, 2024

F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India.

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For and on behalf of the Board

Sunil Dixit Director

Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

			(Amount in CHF)		(Amount in INR	
Particulars	Note	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Revenue from operations	10	2,40,085	2,88,967	2,24,21,538	2,43,74,327	
Other income	11	514	78	47,976	6,607	
Total income		2,40,599	2,89,045	2,24,69,514	2,43,80,934	
Expenses						
Employee benefit expenses	12	2,04,509	2,45,521	1,90,99,090	2,07,09,708	
Other expenses	13	15,028	19,041	14,03,416	16,06,084	
Total expenses		2,19,537	2,64,562	2,05,02,506	2,23,15,792	
Profit before tax		21,062	24,483	19,67,008	20,65,142	
Income tax expense						
- Current tax		-			115	
Total tax expense		*		-		
Profit for the year		21,062	24,483	19,67,008	20,65,142	

Statement of other comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	Note	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss					7
Foreign exchange translation reserve			-	80,503	2,55,231
19			-	80,503	2,55,231
OCI for the year				80,503	2,55,231
Total comprehensive income for the year		21,062	24,483	20,47,511	23,20,372
Earnings per Equity Share (of CHF 1 each)					
Basic and diluted	15	0.42	0.49	39.34	41.30

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The accompanying notes forming an integral part of the

financial statements

As per our attached report of even date For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101484W / W100197

Ashishkumar Bairagra

Partner

Membership No. 109931

Place : Mumbai Dated : May 07, 2024

F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India. For and on behalf of the Board

Surfil Dixit
Director

	(Amount in CHF) (Amo				
	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
A. Cash flow from operating activities					
Profit before tax	21,062	24,483	19,66,915	20,65,142	
Adjustments for :					
Interest income	(514)	(78)	(47,976)	(6,607)	
Operating profit before working capital changes	20,548	24,405	19,18,939	20,58,535	
Adjustments for :					
Increase in trade receivables	(1,919)	(19,085)	(2,25,430)	(17,17,650)	
Increase in other financial and non-financial assets	(40,655)	28,291	(38,27,766)	21,18,113	
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	5,700	1,142	5,67,218	2,17,825	
Increase in other financial and non-financial liabilities and provisions	9,950	(19,153)	9,93,206	(13,48,260)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(6,376)	15,600	(5,73,833)	13,28,563	
B. Cash flow from investing activities					
Interest received	514	78	47,976	6,607	
Net cash flow used in investing activities (B)	514	78	47,976	6,607	
C. Cash flow from financing activities					
Net cash flow used in financing activities (C)		-	•	(iii)	
Net cash flow during the year	(5,863)	15,678	(5,25,856)	13,35,170	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	38,676	22,998	34,80,805	18,90,404	
Exchange difference on translation	-	1000000	80,548	2,55,231	
Net cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note No 3)	32,813	38,676	30,35,497	34,80,805	

- 1. Cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) statement of cash flows.
- 2. Previous year figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever considered necessary to make them comparable with those of the current year. 🖰

3. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year

3. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		(Amount in INK)		
Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2023
Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank: - in Current Account	32,813	38,676	30,35,497	34,80,805
	32,813	38,676	30,35,497	34,80,805

As per our attached report of even date For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101484W / W100197

Ashishkumar Bairagra

Partner

Membership No. 109931

Place: Mumbai Dated: May 07, 2024

F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India.



For and on behalf of the Board

Sunil Dixit Director

Datamatics Global Technologies AG Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2024

A. Equity share capital

Particulars	Amount in CHF	Amount in INR	
As at March 31, 2022	50,000	41,10,000	
Foreign exchange fluctuation		3,90,000	
Changes in equity share capital			
As at March 31, 2023	50,000	45,00,000	
Foreign exchange fluctuation		1,25,500	
Changes in equity share capital			
As at March 31, 2024	50,000	46,25,500	

B. Other equity	(Amount in	(Amount in CHF)		(Amount in INR)			
Particulars	Retained earnings	Total	Retained earnings	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Total		
As at March 31, 2022	(35,008)	(35,008)	(23,64,719)	(5,12,888)	(28,77,607)		
Profit for the year	24,483	24,483	20,65,142		20,65,142		
Exchange difference on Equity share capital	-		*:	(3,90,000)	(3,90,000)		
Other comprehensive income		3-1		2,55,231	2,55,231		
Total comprehensive income for the year	24,483	24,483	20,65,142	(1,34,769)	19,30,372		
As at March 31, 2023	(10,525)	(10,525)	(2,99,577)	(6,47,657)	(9,47,235)		
Profit for the year	21,062	21,062	19,67,008	0±0	19,67,008		
Exchange difference on Equity share capital	-	1.5	***	(1,25,500)	(1,25,500)		
Other comprehensive income		8#8	*	80,503	80,503		
Total comprehensive income for the year	21,062	21,062	19,67,008	(44,997)	19,22,012		
As at March 31, 2024	10,537	10,537	16,67,431	(6,92,654)	9,74,777		

As per our attached report of even date

For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101484W / W100197

Ashishkumar Bairagra

Partner

Membership No. 109931

Place : Mumbai Dated : May 07, 2024

F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India. For and on behalf of the Board

Sunil Dixit Director

Datamatics Global Technologies AG

Notes forming part of financial statements

Note 1: General Information & Material Accounting Policies

(A) : General Information

Datamatics Global Technologies AG, was incorporated in Switzerland on March 25, 2009 and the Registration Number of the Company is CH 170.3.033.251-3. The Company is wholly owned subsidiary of Datamatics Global Services Limited.

(B): Material Accounting Policies

i) Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements:

Compliance with Ind AS

This Financial Statements are prepared as per Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), on the accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with generally acceptable accounting principle in India from the books of accounts maintained in CHF. The above Financial Statements comprising Balance sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other Comprehensive Income), Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Equity for the year then ended and a summary of material accounting policies and a summary of selected explanatory notes have been prepared by Management to enable its Holding Company, Datamatics Global Services Limited to prepare its Consolidated Financial Statements and only relevant disclosures as required for the intended purpose are disclosed.

ii) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements as per Generally Accepted Accounting Principals requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affects the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

iii) Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Confederation Helvetica Francs (CHF), rounded to the nearest CHF.

Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of transaction.

Any income or expense on account of exchange difference either on settlement or on translation at the balance sheet date is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which it arises.

iv) Revenue recognition

Revenue from services is recognised based on time and material and billed to the clients as per the terms of the contract.

Revenue related to fixed price maintenance and support services contracts where the Company is standing ready to provide services is recognised based on time elapsed mode and revenue is straight lined over the period of performance.

Revenue from holding company is recognised based on transaction price of services which is at arm's length.

Cost and earnings in excess of billings are classified as unbilled revenue while billings in excess of cost and earnings are classified as unearned revenue. Discount is recognised on cash basis in accordance with the contractual term of the agreement with the customers.

v) Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into cash and have original maturities of three months or less from date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

vi) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

vii) Trade receivable

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

viii) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(1) Financial Assets

(i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- (a) those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss); and
- (b) those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

- (a) For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.
- (b) For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held
- (c) For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

(ii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

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Datamatics Global Technologies AG

Notes forming part of financial statements

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime credit losses (ECL) to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The Company uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

(iv) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when -

- (a) The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- (b) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

(v) Income recognition

Interest income from debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

(2) Financial Liabilities

(i) Measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value, reduced by transaction costs(in case of financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss), that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liability. After initial recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash outflow (including all fees paid, transaction cost, and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. At the time of initial recognition, there is no financial liability irrevocably designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

ix) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

x) Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The Company recognises a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for contingent liability is made when there is possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimates.

Contingent Assets are neither recognised nor disclosed.

xi) Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits are recognised as an expense at the undiscounted amounts in the Statement of Profit & Loss for the year in which the related service is rendered.

Liabilities in respect Leave Encashment which are defined benefit plans are determined based on estimated leave balance basis as on the balance sheet date.

xii) Earnings per share

In determining Earnings per Share, the Company considers the net profit attributable to company's owners. The number of shares used in computing basic Earnings per Share is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. The number of shares used in computing diluted Earnings per Share comprises the weighted average shares considered for deriving basic Earnings per Share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.



Note 2 - Trade receivables*				(Amount in CHF)		(Amount in INR)	
Particulars			March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Unsecured							
Considered Good (Refer Note No 14)			21,004	19,085	19,43,080	17,17,650	
Total		110	21,004	19,085	19,43,080	17,17,650	
*Trade receivable ageing schedule						(Amount in CHF)	
Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months- 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
For the year ended as on March 31, 2024	Less triair o Montris	O MIOITUIS- I YEAR	1-2 rears	2-5 rears	Wore than 5 rears	Total	
Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Goods	21,004					21,004	
Ondisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Goods	21,004		•		-	21,004	
For the year ended as on March 31, 2023							
Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Goods	19,085	2		•	•	19,085	
*Trade receivable ageing schedule						(Amount in INR)	
Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months- 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
For the year ended as on March 31, 2024		7					
Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Goods	19,43,080	-			-	19,43,080	
oridisputed frade necessable - considered doods	15,45,000	, C:				15,45,000	
For the year ended as on March 31, 2023							
Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Goods	17,17,650	-	1.5	100		17,17,650	
			37	8 8		820 2 86	
Note 3 - Cash and cash equivalents				(Amount in CHF)		(Amount in INR)	
Particulars			March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Bank balances			32,813	38,676	30,35,497	34,80,805	
ballk balances			32,013	30,070	30,33,437	34,60,603	
Total			32,813	38,676	30,35,497	34,80,805	
				/A		/A	
Note 4 - Other financial assets (current)			14	(Amount in CHF)	M	(Amount in INR)	
Particulars			March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Unbilled Revenue (Refer Note No 14)			56,988	20,592	52,71,917	18,53,238	
Total			56,988	20,592	52,71,917	18,53,238	
Note 5 - Other current assets	4		March 21 2024	(Amount in CHF)	March 21, 2024	(Amount in INR)	
Particulars			March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Unsecured, Considered Good				4.004	6 20 250	4 40 40	
Prepaid expenses			6,818	4,924	6,30,759	4,43,194	
Advance to Employee			2,800		2,59,028		
Balance from Government authorities			641	1,075	59,331	96,791	
Total			10,259	6,000	9,49,118	5,39,985	



Note 6 - Equity share capital and other equity

6(a) - Equity she	re capital
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Number of shares	Amount in CHF	Number of shares	Amount in INR
1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	82,20,000
			7,80,000
1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	90,00,000
			2,51,000
1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	92,51,000
	1,00,000 - 1,00,000	1,00,000 1,00,000 1,00,000 1,00,000	1,00,000 1,00,000 1,00,000 1,00,000 1,00,000 1,00,000

Particulars	Number of shares	Amount in CHF	Number of shares	Amount in INR
As at March 31, 2022	50,000	50,000	50,000	41,10,000
Exchange difference				3,90,000
As at March 31, 2023	50,000	50,000	50,000	45,00,000
Exchange difference	-	3000	- 00	1,25,500
As at March 31, 2024	50,000	50,000	50,000	46,25,500

(iii) Movements in equity share capital						
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount in CHF	Number of shares	Amount in INR		
As at March 31, 2022	50,000	50,000	50,000	41,10,000		
Exchange difference				3,90,000		
As at March 31, 2023	50,000	50,000	50,000	45,00,000		
Exchange difference				1,25,500		
As at March 31, 2024	50,000	50,000	50,000	46,25,500		

(iv) Shares of the company held by holding company		(Amount in INR)		
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
50,000 (50,000) Equity shares of CHF 1 held by	50,000	50,000	46,25,500	45,00,000

(v) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Particulars	March 31,	March 31, 2024		
	Number of shares	% Holding	Number of shares	% Holding
Datamatics Global Services Limited	50,000	100	50,000	100

(vi) Terms / rights attached to equity shares
The Company, at present, has one class of equity shares having a par value of CHF 1 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held.

6(b) - Other equity		(Amount in INR)		
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Retained earnings*	10,537	(10,525)	16,67,431	(2,99,577)
001-				
Foreign currency translation reserve**		2	(6,92,654)	(6,47,658)
Total	10,537	(10,525)	9,74,777	(9,47,235)

^{*} Refer Statement of Changes in Equity for Movement

* The exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations is recognised in other comprehensive income, net of taxes and is presented within equity in the foreign currency translation reserve.

Note 7 - Trade payables		(Amount in INR		
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Trade payables	21,593	15,893	19,97,555	14,30,337
Total	21,593	15,893	19,97,555	14,30,337

Particulars	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years		2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
For the year ended as on March 31, 2024		7				
Creditors	5,087		34			5,087
Add: Accrued Expenses (including employee liabilities)		§ 7.5				16,506
Total		Žia in Trans				21,593
For the year ended as on March 31, 2023						
Creditors	3,983					3,983
Add: Accrued Expenses (including employee liabilities)						11,910
Total				The state of the s		15,893

Particulars	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years		2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
For the year ended as on March 31, 2024						
Creditors	4,70,584		-			4,70,584
Add: Accrued Expenses (including employee liabilities)						15,26,971
Total						19,97,555
For the year ended as on March 31, 2023						
Creditors	3,58,439					3,58,439
Add: Accrued Expenses (including employee liabilities)						10,71,898
Total						14,30,337

Note 8 - Provision (Current)		(Amount in INR)			
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Provisions for employee benefits					
Leave encashment	17,513	20,918	16,20,155	18,82,614	
Total	17,513	20,918	16.20,155	18.82.614	

Note 9 - Other current liabilities					(Amount in CHF)		(Amount in INR)
Particulars		ANIA		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Statutory dues Advances from Related parties		TO TO	3	13,021 8,400	8,066	12,04,542 7,77,084	7,25,962
Total	1/3/	1	121	21,421	8,066	19,81,626	7,25,962

Note 10 - Revenue from operations		(Amount in CHF)		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Sale of Services	2,40,085	2,88,967	2,24,21,538	2,43,74,327
Total	2,40,085	2,88,967	2,24,21,538	2,43,74,327
Note 11 - Other income		(Amount in CHF)		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Interest income on others	514	78	47,976	6,607
Total	514	78	47,976	6,607
Note 12 - Employee benefit expenses		(Amount in CHF)		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Salary, Wages & Allowances	1,81,867	2,18,183	1,69,84,599	1,84,03,772
Contribution towards Social Security	22,248	26,339	20,77,695	22,21,695
Staff Welfare expenses	394	999	36,796	84,240
Total	2,04,509	2,45,521	1,90,99,090	2,07,09,708
Note 13 - Other expenses		(Amount in CHF)		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Legal & Professional expenses	13,750	17,175	12,84,075	14,48,736
Bank charges	871	1,258	81,377	1,06,127
Rates & Taxes	381	607	35,572	51,183
Exchange Loss (net)	26	0	2,392	39
Total	15,028	19,041	14,03,416	16,06,084



DATAMATICS GLOBAL TECHNOLOGIES AG

Notes forming part of Financial Statements

Note 14 - Related Party Disclosure

As required under Ind AS 24 – "Related Party Disclosures", following are details of transactions during the year with the related parties of the Company as defined in Ind AS- 24.

The Company has entered into transactions in ordinary course of business with related parties at arms length as per details given below:

Datamatics Global Services Limited (Holding Company)

Datamatics Global Services FZ LLC (Fellow Subsidiary)

Details of transactions with the related parties:

		(Amount in CHF)		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	2023-2024	2022-2023	2023-2024	2022-2023
Transactions during the year ended				
Included in Revenue from operations				
Datamatics Global Services Limited	2,40,085	2,88,967	2,24,21,538	2,43,74,327
Reimbursements/Expenses incurred by related parties				
Datamatics Global Services Limited	8,400	-	7,77,084	1923
Balances as at March 31	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Included in Other current liabilities				
Datamatics Global Services Limited	8,400	2	7,77,084	12
Included in Trade receivable				
Datamatics Global Services Limited	21,004	19,085	19,43,080	17,17,650
Included in Other financial assets				
Datamatics Global Services Limited	56,988	20,592	52,71,917	18,53,238

Note 15 - Earnings Per Share

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Net profit after tax (in CHF)	21,062	24,483	19,67,008	20,65,142
Number of equity shares	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Nominal value of shares	CHF 1	CHF 1	31-9020000	
Earnings per Share (Basic and Diluted)	0.42	0.49	39.34	41.30

Note 16 - Fair value measurements		(Amount in INR)			
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
	Amortised Cost	Amortised Cost	Amortised Cost	Amortised Cost	
Financial assets				0 0:	
Trade receivable	21,004	19,085	19,43,080	17,17,650	
Cash and cash equivalents	32,813	38,676	30,35,497	34,80,805	
Unbilled revenue	56,988	20,592	52,71,917	18,53,238	
Total financial assets	1,10,805	78,352	1,02,50,494	70,51,693	
Financial liabilities					
Trade payables	21,593	15,893	19,97,555	14,30,337	
Total financial liabilities	21,593	15,893	19,97,555	14,30,337	

Note 17

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.



Note 18 - Ratio

The following are applicable analytical ratios for the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023:

Particulars	Refer notes for variance	March 31,2024	March 31,2023	Variance (%)
(i) Current Ratio =(Current Assets/Current Liabilities) (Times)		2.00	1.88	6.41%
(ii) Return on Equity (ROE) = (Net Profits after taxes/Average Shareholder's Equity) (%)	1	42.12%	89.90%	-53.15%
(iii) Trade receivables turnover ratio =(Revenue/Average Trade Receivable) (Times)	2	11.98	30.29	-60.46%
(iv) Trade payables turnover ratio =(Purchases of services and other expenses/Average Trade Payables) (Times)	3	0.80	. 1.24	-35.48%
(v) Net capital turnover ratio= (Revenue/Working Capital) (Times)	2	3.97	7.32	-45.82%
(vi) Net profit ratio= (Net Profit/Total Income) (%)		8.75%	8.47%	3.35%
(vii) Return on capital employed (ROCE) = (Earning before interest and taxes/Effective Capital Employed (d)) (%)	1	42.12%	89.90%	-53.15%

Note:

- 1. Increase in Average shareholders funds during the current year as compared to previous year.
- 2. Increase in current assets during the current year as compared to previous year.
- 3. Decrease in purchases of services during the current year as compared to previous year.

Note 19 - Financial risk management

The company's activities expose it to liquidity risk and credit risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets	Aging analysis	Diversification of bank deposits and credit limits
Liquidity risk		5 (5)	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities

A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. Credit risk encompasses the direct risk of default, risk of deterioration of credit worthiness as well as concentration risks. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities balances with banks.

B) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, company treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. In addition, the company's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows in major currencies and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.



Note 20 - Previous year figures

Previous year figures have been appropriately regrouped/reclassified and rearranged wherever necessary to conform to the current year's presentation. There are no such changes during the year.

As per our attached report of even date For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101484W / W100197

Ashishkumar Bairagra

Partner

Membership No. 109931

Place : Mumbai Dated : May 07, 2024

F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India.



For and on behalf of the Board

Sunii Dixit Director